# Year Six Week Eight Online Learning Materials

Timetable and worksheets available from:

https://westbyfordprimaryschool.wa.edu.au/flexible-online-learning

#### Student Login Details:

<u>Australian History Mysteries</u>

Username: WestByfordPS

Password: Quenda

Soundwaves (Spelling)

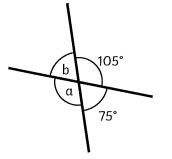
www.fireflystudents.com.au

Login code: card325

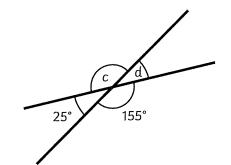
## Vertically Opposite Angles

To find unknown angles which are vertically opposite.

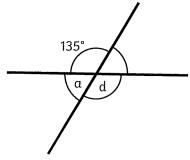
#### Calculate the missing angles:

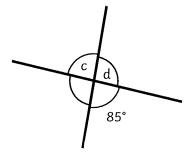


2.



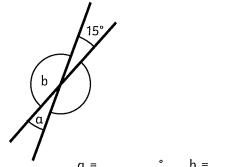
3.

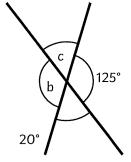




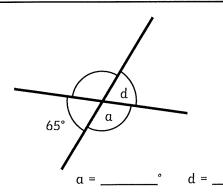
$$c =$$
  $^{\circ}$   $d =$   $^{\circ}$ 

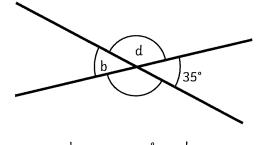
5.





7.





Gr	apheme ph					
6	Write Focus Words with <b>ph</b> for <b>fff ph</b> that match	the clues. <b>Use</b>	two of the words in	a sentence.		
	a doctors	special importa	ınce			
	an extreme fear	gases surroundi	ing Earth			
		<del> </del>				
7	Write words with <b>ph</b> for <b>fff ph</b> that match the pic	ctures. <b>Use</b> a di	ctionary to check yo	ur spelling.		
	<u> </u>		abc			
			- K			
	99		l'm			
La	tin Roots flex, flect, frag, fract					
8	Cross out the incorrect word in each sentence.					
	[Flexible] [Inflexible] materials do not bend.		Root meanings:			
	My bike has [reflective] [fractured] panels.  flex, flex frag, fr					
	My coffee cup lay in [fragments] [fractures] on the floor.					
*****	A team of archaeologists lifted the [fragile] [frac	tion] statue.				
9	Write Focus Words to finish the sets. Add your own	n example for e	each set.			
	objects that are: eg	gshells, glasse	es			
	objects that are: pipe cleaner, paperclip					
	places to see your:	a still lake, a sl	hop window			
	examples ofs: one h	alf, two thirds				
	examples ofes: snee	ezing, shivering	9			
Ch	allenge					
	rite professions containing ( fffph) that match the crite two other professions you think you would enjoy		<b>e</b> the graphemes for	(afff ph) in your answers.		
СО	oks food	designs cloth	ing			
pu	ts out fires	dispenses me	edicine			
tak	xes photos	ensures playe	ers follow rules			
arr	anges flowers	supervises sw	vimmers			
gro	ows food	cares for plan	ne passengers			

#### Type of Text: Report

### Titanic Sinks on Maiden Voyage

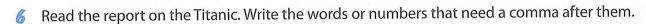
On April 10, 1912, the Titanic set sail with over 2200 passengers and crew members. Disastrously, the ship was only equipped with sixteen lifeboats, which could only hold 1178 people.

On April 14, four days into its maiden voyage, the captain received five ice warnings. He ignored the warnings and continued to travel at a high speed.

In the middle of the night, at approximately 11:40 pm, a lookout spotted a huge iceberg in the water. The Titanic was heading straight towards it. Unfortunately, the sighting was too late. The ship hit the iceberg, ripped a huge hole in its side, and sank.

That night, 1522 people either drowned or died from hypothermia (low body temperature).

The sinking of the Titanic has been hailed the "greatest maritime disaster in history".



- a On April 14 four days into its maiden voyage the captain received five ice warnings.
- b In the middle of the night at approximately 11:40 pm a lookout spotted a huge iceberg in the water.
- c Unfortunately the sighting was too late. The ship hit the iceberg ripped a huge hole in its side and sank.

Some commas are used to show a pause in a sentence. e.g. Even though there was lots of traffic, we made it to the game on time.

- 7 Insert a comma in the following sentences to show a pause.
- a Even though I was tired I still went to basketball training.
- b Although there wasn't much snow we still went skiing.
- c When the rain ceased we went out to play.
- Shade the bubble/s to show where the comma/s should go in these sentences.
- a I packed a tent torch pillow blanket and food.
- b After the painter finished the job he cleaned his brushes.



#### Challenge Option

Write a sentence of your own that uses a comma to show a pause.

Name	Chapter St	лdу
1 (01110	l .	

## # Chapter 10 #

1.	Why did Keith's mother think the shop was a good choice?
<b>,</b>	
2.	What is a 'Chiko Roll'?
3.	How was the shop available?
	·
4.	Explain what happened when Keith looked for snakes under the shop.

5. Match each character with the place where they worked.

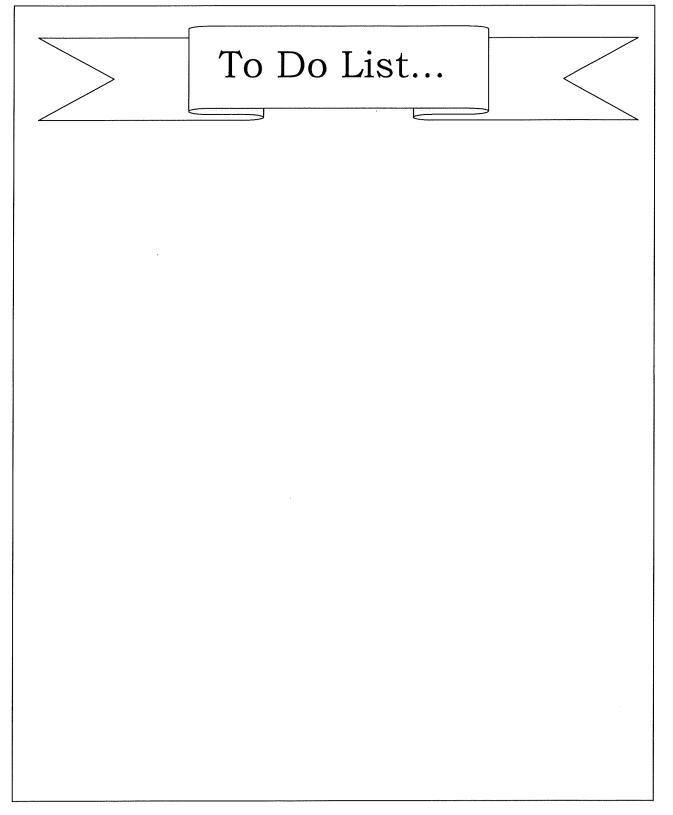
Ron	Chemist
Doug	General Store
Clarrie	Petrol Station

6.	6. Fill the box with synonyms for the word 'cheerful'.					
7.	What do you think the man in the caravan thought when Keith told him that people had come to Orchid Cove to cheer up?					
8.	Give your opinion on Keith expecting everyone to be happy all the time in Orchid Cove. Do you think it is reasonable? Why?					
9.	How has life improved for Keith and his parents since they moved to Australia?					
10.	If you were opening a fish and chip shop in Orchid Cove what would you name it? Why?					

Name		

## # open for business #

Think about all the things Keith and his parents would have to do to get the shop ready for business. Make a list of all the jobs they need to get done so they can be ready to open as soon as possible!



Worksheet 20

Name			
name			

## # identifying the main idea #

Review each chapter and identify the main idea or concept for the chapter.

	1	 	 
CHAPTER 2			
CHAPTER 4			
CHAPTER 6			
CHAPTER 8			
CHAPTER 10			
	ı		

Why not federate?



#### Nationalism

Some people were patriotic towards their colony, and had negative feelings towards the others. Over 90 per cent of people in Australia at the time were of British descent, and some felt no need to move away from 'The Mother Country'.

55

58

#### Learning Intentions

#### WALT

• Understand why some colonies didn't want to federate

#### WILF

- Engagement in partner work
- Explain 2 reasons why people didn't want to federate

#### Economics and Colonial Independence

Small colonies, like Tasmania and South Australia, were worried that bigger, wealthier colonies would hold the power over decision-making and trade relations. Big, wealthy colonies like New South Wales felt they would be burdened by the financial problems of the smaller colonies.

'Our colonial governments want to control what happens inside their borders. A federation will mean handing over some control.' 'We live in a wealthy colony If we federate, we will be burdened by the problems of the poorer colonies.'

'Our colony doesn't have as many people as some of the others. Federation means that we'll be dominated by the more powerful colonies.'

59 56

60

#### Tariffs, Taxes and Trade

'All the colonies have different policies on trade. Some colonies want to tax goods brought in from others so they're more expensive than local goods. Other colonies just want to make sure goods are available at the lowest price, no matter where they're from. The colonies will never agree.'

'We'll have to pay more tax, to support both the federal and state governments.'

57

Establishing a new parliament would be an expensive exercise, and therefore taxes would be increased.

#### Distance and Competing Issues

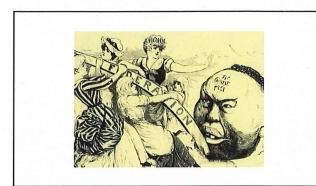
Distance: Western Australia initially refused to federate because government officials felt they were too far away from the big, wealthy colonies. They eventually changed their decision when the other colonies agreed to huild a railway line to Western Australia to make access much quicker than the long boat journey.

At the time, the colonies were dealing with an economic depression and poor social and working conditions. Some felt it was more important to solve these issues first.

#### **Immigration**

Opponents to Federation worried that a federal government would relax immigration laws, which would enable non-white, non-European people to immigrate to Australia. Opponents in New South Wales in particular, wanted to remain an independent white colony.

Queensland cane farmers were employing labourers from the Pacific Islands for cheaper rates than they could pay white Australians. They feared federation would end this.

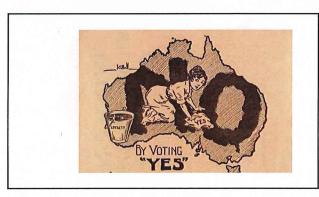


61 64

#### Activity

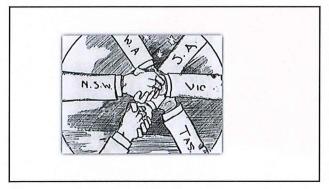
#### Cartoon Analysis

When the country was deciding whether to federate or not, cartoons were created to influence people one way or the other. Try and guess what you think each one is trying to say.



62 65

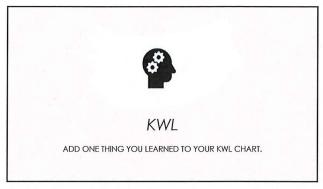




63 66

2

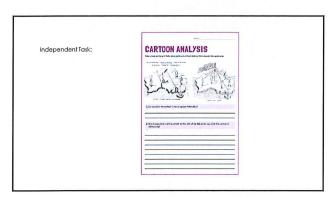




67 70



68

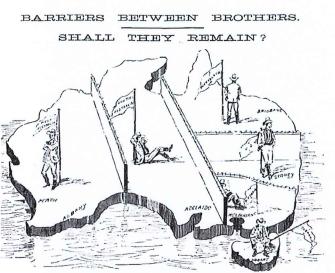


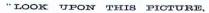
69

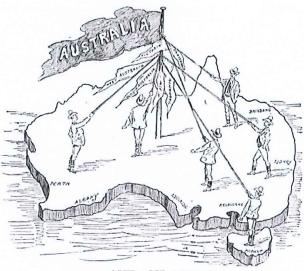
Name:				
Marrie,				

# **CARTOON ANALYSIS**

Take a look at the pre-federation political cartoon below, then answer the questions.







AND ON THIS.

- 1. Do you think the cartoon is for or against federation?
- 2. Which arguments used by people on this side of the debate do you think the cartoon is referencing?